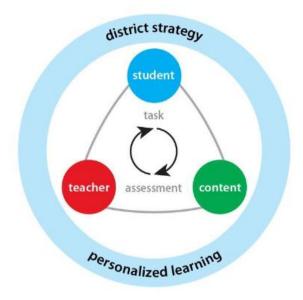
## cbe.ab.ca



# Assessment and Reporting

Samuel W. Shaw



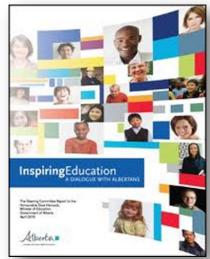
# Learning is our Central Purpose

## Shifting toward a new vision for education:

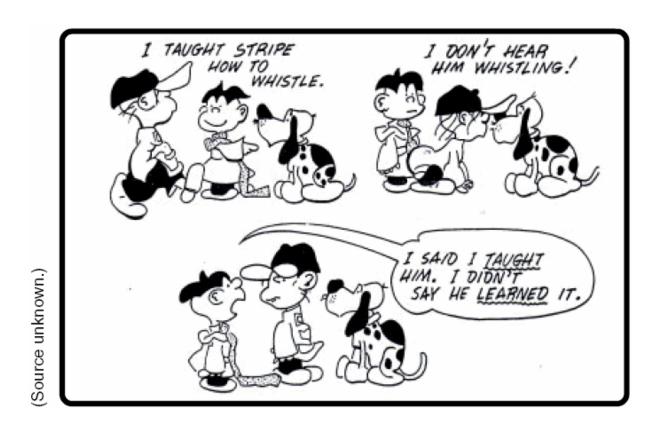
- Engaged Thinker
- Ethical Citizen
- Entrepreneurial Spirit

Promoting competencies of today's world and for the

- future
  - Literacy
  - Numeracy
  - Critical thinking
  - Problem-solving
  - Global understanding
  - Creativity



# Teaching – Assessment – Learning



"Assessment: the bridge between teaching and learning"

William, 2011

# Teaching – Assessment – Learning

Assessment is the ongoing process of gathering a variety of student assessment evidence to make decisions for improvement of student learning. (The Alberta Student Assessment Study: Final Report, Alberta Education, 2009, p.3)

# Formative vs. Summative

Summative	Formative
Checks what has been learned to date (Evaluative)	Checks learning to decided what to so next.
Is designed for those not directly involved in daily learning and teaching.	Is designed to assists teachers and students.
Is presented in a formal report.	Is used in responding to student work and in conversation.
Usually summarizes information into marks, scores or grades	Usually detailed, specific, and descriptive feedback in words and in relation to criteria that has been set.

# Formative vs. Summative

Summative	Formative
Usually compares the student's learning with either other students or the 'standard' for a grade level.	Usually focused on improvement compared with the student's 'pervious best' and progress toward a standard.
Does not need to involve the student.	Needs to involve the student (the person most able to improve the learning).
Assessment of Learning	Assessment <i>for</i> Learning

## Formative vs. Summative



"When the cook tastes the soup, that's formative assessment; when the customer tastes the soup, that's summative assessment."

### Assessment and the CBE

Rich assessment is the systematic gathering, interpreting, and responding to information about students. Teachers and students need to know what students know, how they know it, how they show it and what they need to know next.

CBE Guiding Principles of Assessment, p. 2

# High Quality Feedback

Will the feedback help the learner improve their learning?

- Timely
- Connected to learner outcomes
- Specific

- Strengths
- Questions Next steps
- Personalized
- Accessible

# High Quality Feedback

## What does it look like?

- Descriptive feedback in D2L
- I can statements based on Program of studies.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Homeroom

#### I Can...Decimals

I can	I Totally Get It	I Think I Pretty Much Get It (I Should Review and Practice a Little More)	I Don't Quite Get It Yet! (I Should Set a Goal to Work on This)	I don't get it at all! (I should make arrangements to get help from the teacher)
Apply the divisibility rules.				
Add, subtract order and compare decimals.				
3. Multiply and divide decimals.				
Solve word problems that involve operations with decimals				

Do you need to set a goal to work on one or more of the above learning objectives in order to fully understand the concept/skill? Goal:

Plan for Learning:

Assessment details

Objective-based Assessment

Rubric Name: Copy of Copy of Copy of Copy of pH Investigation

Criteria	You Totally Get It!	You Pretty Much Get It!	You Are Getting There!	This was not demonstrated due to absence or lack of participation/completion.	Feedback
3. Knowledge Outcome: Identify acids, bases and neutral substances, based on measures of their pH using red/blue litmus paper and 0-14 indicator paper.	*				On your pH sc: you clearly at accurately identified all hte househol items we test during the lat Great Job!
Skill Outcome: Work Work Collaboratively with classmates to gather and record data.		*			This is a skill t will continue develop as the year progress and you participate in more labs. Sometimes, and your lat partners need some prompti to stay focused the task, but the end you gathered an recorded the accurately.
2. Skill Outcome: Explain discrepancies in data (why were some of your pH readings different from your classmates).		<b>V</b>			
Overall Score	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2	Level 1	Feedback
Overall Score					

# High Quality Feedback

Grades cause an emotional reaction – either positive or negative. Feedback causes you to think and engage, which is reflective learning. Dylan Wiliam

# **Changing Reporting Process**

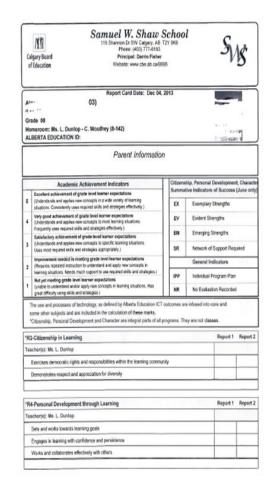
### Why?

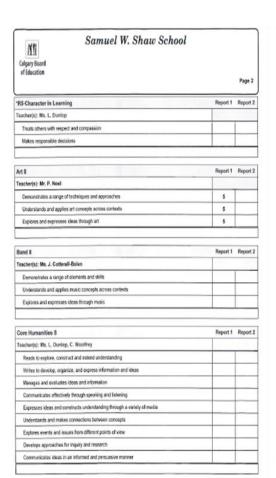
- Learning is our central purpose (formative feedback)
- Provincial movement to competency-based learning (Inspiring Education)
- CBE is a learning organization

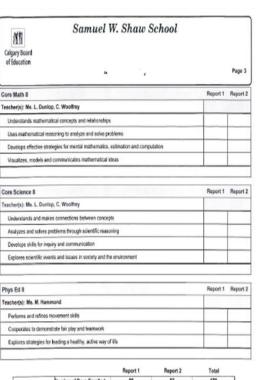
#### What?

- Common K-9 system outcome based report card (compared to the Program of study)
- Stems define the subcomponents of the Program of Study
- Twice a year
- No summative grade/mark

# **New Report Card**







		Report 1	Report 2	Total
Attendance Number of Days Lat	Number of Days Enrolled	86	93	179
	Number of Days Late	0.0	0.0	0
	Number of Days Absent	14.5	3.0	14.5

Attendence is calculated to the day report cards are printed. For a more accurate report, please call the school.

## **Four Questions**

What am I learning?

How do I know I'm learning?

How can I show what I've learned?

Why have I learned what I've learned?

# **Keeping Parents Informed**

# Over the course of this year, we need to talk about some key questions:

- What is most important for you to know about how your child is doing at school?
- Are there ways that teachers have communicated this information to you that you think are particularly effective? Ineffective?
- Do you have other ideas about how we could better communicate?

# Questions?





# Calgary Board of Education